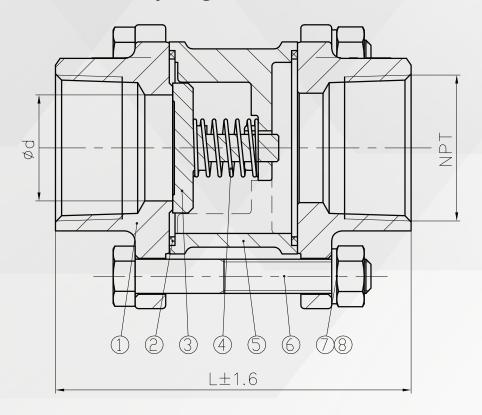


Installation, Operation, and Maintenance (IOM) Manual for 3 Pc Spring Check Valve Threaded NPT



8	NUT
7	SPRING WASHER
6	HEXAGON HEAD BOLT
5	BODY
4	SPRING
3	DISC
2	GASKET
1	BONNET

Refer to the diagram and parts list above for a detailed view of each component, assisting with installation, operation, and maintenance for optimal valve performance.



Note: This document is a general guideline for the installation, operation, and maintenane of 3 Pc Threaded Spring Check Valves, intended to assist trained personnel in following recommended procedures. It is not an exhaustive set of instructions. Carefully read the manual for safe and efficient use. We are not liable for damages arising from its use. Consult a professional if you have specific concerns related to your application or environment. For additional assistance, contact your supplier or representative.

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The Spring Check Valve with Threaded NPT connections is designed to provide reliable
performance by allowing fluid to flow in one direction while preventing reverse flow. Its durable
construction and compact design make it suitable for a wide range of applications, including
industrial, residential, and commercial piping systems.

INSTALLATION

- Orientation: Install the valve in a horizontal pipeline with the valve body positioned vertically.
 Alternatively, it may be installed in a vertical pipeline, provided the flow arrow on the valve body points upwards.
- Flow Direction: Ensure the flow arrow on the body matches the direction of fluid flow.
- Thread Preparation: Apply a suitable joint compound or TFE tape to the male pipe threads to facilitate a secure and leak-free fit.
- Good Piping Practice: Follow standard piping practices to prevent misalignment or undue stress on the valve during installation.





OPERATION

- Automatic Operation: Swing check valves operate automatically; no manual action is required during normal use.
- Flow Control: These valves allow flow in only one direction and prevent backflow. The direction of permissible flow is indicated by the arrow on the valve body.

MAINTENANCE

- ***WARNING*** Do not attempt to perform maintenance on a valve while it is under pressure or in a pressurized line.
- Disassemble the Valve Body: Begin by loosening and removing the body hex nuts, lock washers, and bolts.
- Detach the Center Section: Carefully detach the center section of the valve body from the end caps, ensuring that the valve is in a stable. This will allow access to the internal components without disrupting connections to the surrounding pipeline.
- Disc and Seats: Inspect the disc and seats for wear or damage. These components are critical for
 ensuring proper sealing and flow direction. Replace the disc and seats if signs of deterioration or
 damage are evident.
- Seals and Gaskets: Check all seals and gaskets around the body and between the end caps. Replace any worn or damaged seals to prevent leaks from occurring during operation.
- Spring Mechanism: Examine the tension and condition of the spring, if applicable, to ensure it is functioning correctly and maintaining the disc closure. Replace the spring if it shows signs of fatigue or failure.

